SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

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The goal of this lecture

 To get you to think about your architecture before you start coding

What do we mean by architecture?

- Structure or structures of a system
 - Internal or external
- The relationship between the structures of the system

How do we measure a design?

- Is the customer happy?
 - Understand requirements and communicate with the customer early and often
- But there is more...

How do we measure a design? (cont.)

- Usability
 - Important for a low-level API or a GUI (is your interface intuitive?)
- Integrity
 - Data or resources should not be modified without authorization (does your program require root?)
- Availability
 - All required components of the system should function correctly and respond quickly (is it fast?)
- Confidentiality
 - Data or resources should not be exposed to unauthorized persons (how do you interface with your primitive data structures?)

Case Study #1: An iPhone app

- You are responsible for the development of an iPhone app for a major bank
- Requirements:
 - User must be able to view account balance
 - Bank must be able to send messages to users
 - There should be no 'write' functionality
 - For example, the user should not be able to transfer money from their account to an external account

Case Study #1: An iPhone app

- Where do you start?
- What does the infrastructure look like?
- What could go wrong?
- Consider distribution of work between server and client

Case Study #2: GPS

- You are responsible for the development of a GPS application
- What types of questions should we ask about the requirements?

Case Study #2: GPS



VS.



Case Study #2: GPS

- Where do you start?
- What does the infrastructure look like?
- What could go wrong?
- Consider distribution of work between server and client

Case Study #3: A High Traffic Website

- You are responsible for the development of a major website
- Requirements:
 - 10M/users a month
 - Users will register and store personal data

Case Study #3: A High Traffic Website

- Where do you start?
- What does the infrastructure look like?
- What could go wrong?

What is important in high level design?

- Understand how the customer will use the software
 - This is hard because the customer may not know
- However, don't plan too much
 - We can always redeploy software

Find a balance between the two

In practice: What works?

- Continuous Integration
- Unit Tests
- Prototyping
- Regular communication (internal + external)
- Code reviews

In practice: What doesn't work?

- A lack of requirements
- Inconsistent coding practices amongst team members
- High level requirements mean nothing if they are ignored on a daily basis (don't ignore your initial planning!)